

1D-Compressible Navier-Stokes equations: Stabilization to the rest state and Lyapunov analysis

Ivan Straškraba ¹

Department of Mathematics

Czech Academy of Sciences, Prague

strask@math.cas.cz

Abstract

The purpose of this study (see [1] for full version) is a *construction of a Lyapunov functional* for 1D Navier-Stokes equations of a viscous compressible barotropic fluid under the influence of a large mass force in the case when the *rest state density admits vacua*. We assume the standard initial-boundary value problem with zero velocity boundary conditions. An immediate product of our construction is a result on a decay rate of evolutionary solution to the rest state.

The present research is a continuation of the investigation summarized in [2], where a Lyapunov functional has been constructed for the case of *strictly positive* rest state density.

The argument is given by a careful use of a *comparison quasistationary density* approximating the original evolutionary density. Two crucial a priori estimates play a decisive role in the construction. An a priori form of the energy equality and an estimate utilizing the monotonicity of the state function, and the analysis of approximative relation between the quasistationary density and the original density ρ . Despite of the singularity of the problem, a large class of mass forces and state functions is admitted.

Keywords: compressible flow, decay rate of solutions, non-negative rest state density.

References

- [1] P.Penel and I.Straškraba, Construction of a Lyapunov functional for 1D-viscous compressible barotropic fluid equations admitting vacua, *Preprint 164*, 14pp. (2006) Mathematical Institute, Acad. Sci., Prague, Czech Rep.

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- [2] I. Straškraba, A. Zlotnik, On a decay rate for 1D-viscous compressible barotropic fluid equations, **2** *J. Evolution Equations* 69-96 (2002).